

## **ABSTRAK**

Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui gambaran motivasi menghafal Al-Qur'an pada mahasantri di Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta. Penelitian ini melibatkan partisipan GM sebagai mahasantri di Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta. Metode pengumpulan data menggunakan observasi partisipatif dan wawancara semi-terstruktur dengan setting natural. Penelitian ini menggunakan analisis deskriptif kualitatif yang diimbangkan ke arah penelitian naturalistik (penelitian setting alami) dengan pendekatan studi kasus. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa motivasi menghafal Al-Qur'an pada mahasantri di Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta yaitu motivasi intrinsik dan motivasi ekstrinsik. Motivasi intrinsik antara lain, ingin lebih dekat kepada Allah dengan menghafal Al-Qur'an, ingin mendapat keberkahan dari menghafal Al-Qur'an, dan ingin menjadi hamba Allah yang menjaga kitab-Nya. Motivasi ekstrinsik antara lain, orangtua, mentor, dan teman.

Kata kunci : motivasi, menghafal Al-Qur'an, mahasantri

## **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this study was to describe the motivation for memorizing the Qur'an for students at Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta. This study involved GM participants as students at Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta. Methods of collecting data using participatory observation and semi-structured interviews with natural settings. This study uses a qualitative descriptive analysis that is balanced towards naturalistic research (natural setting research) with a case study approach. The results showed that the motivation for memorizing the Qur'an for students at Grha Tahfidz Daarul Qur'an Yogyakarta was intrinsic motivation and extrinsic motivation. Intrinsic motivations include wanting to be closer to Allah by memorizing the Qur'an, wanting to get blessings from memorizing the Qur'an, and wanting to be a servant of Allah who guards His book. Extrinsic motivation includes parents, mentors, and friends.

Keywords: motivation, memorizing the Qur'an, students