

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk (1) mengetahui hubungan antara persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua dengan perilaku menyontek, (2) mengetahui hubungan antara konformitas teman sebaya dengan perilaku menyontek, (3) mengetahui hubungan antara persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua dan konformitas teman sebaya dengan perilaku menyontek. Alat pengumpul data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini berupa skala psikologi yang meliputi; skala persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua, skala konformitas teman sebaya, skala perilaku menyontek. Populasi dalam penelitian ini siswa kelas XI SMK X Yogyakarta Tahun Ajaran 2018/2019 dengan jumlah sampel sebanyak 100 siswa. Teknik analisis dalam penelitian ini menggunakan teknik korelasi *product moment* yang digunakan untuk melakukan analisis terhadap hipotesis minor pertama, hipotesis minor kedua dan teknik regresi berganda digunakan untuk melakukan analisis terhadap hipotesis mayor. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan (1) ada hubungan positif dan signifikan antara persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua dengan perilaku menyontek, nilai koefisien korelasi sebesar 0,456 dan $p=0,000$ ($p<0,01$) artinya hipotesis minor pertama dalam penelitian ini diterima, (2) ada hubungan positif dan signifikan antara konformitas teman sebaya dengan perilaku menyontek, nilai koefisien korelasi sebesar 0,411 dan $p=0,000$ ($p<0,01$) artinya hipotesis minor kedua dalam penelitian ini diterima, (3) ada hubungan yang signifikan antara persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua dan konformitas teman sebaya dengan perilaku menyontek, nilai F sebesar 14,643 dan $p=0,00$ ($p<0,01$) artinya hipotesis mayor dalam penelitian ini diterima.

Kata Kunci: Persepsi siswa tentang pola asuh otoriter orang tua, Konformitas teman sebaya, Perilaku menyontek

Abstract

This study aims to (1) find out the relationship between student perceptions of authoritarian parenting parents and cheating behavior, (2) find out the relationship between peer conformity and cheating behavior, (3) find out the relationship between student perceptions of parents' authoritarian parenting and peer conformity with cheating behavior. The data collection tool used in this study is a psychological scale which includes; the scale of student perceptions of parents' authoritarian parenting, the scale of peer conformity, the scale of cheating behavior. The population in this study was students of class XI of SMK X Yogyakarta in the Academic Year 2018/2019 with a total sample of 100 students. The analysis technique used was product moment correlation which is occupied to analyze the first minor hypothesis, the second minor hypothesis and multiple regression technique was used to analyze the major hypothesis. The results showed that (1) there was a positive and significant relationship between students' perceptions of authoritarian parenting and cheating behavior, the correlation coefficient value was 0,456 and $p = 0,000$ ($p < 0,01$) which meant the first minor hypothesis in this study accepted, (2) there was a positive and significant relationship between peer conformity and cheating behavior, the correlation coefficient value was 0,411 and $p = 0,000$ ($p < 0,01$) which meant the second minor hypothesis in this study accepted, (3) there was a significant relationship between students' perceptions of parents' authoritarian parenting and peer conformity with cheating behavior, the F value was 14,643 and $p = 0,00$ ($p < 0,01$) which meant the major hypothesis in this study accepted.

Keywords: Student perceptions of parents' authoritarian parenting, Peer conformity, Cheating behavior