

**PENGARUH LAMA WAKTU PERENDAMAN DENGAN AIR  
TERHADAP PERKECAMBAHAN DAN VIGOR BIBITSAWO MANILA**  
*(Manilkara Zapota L)*

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**ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendapatkan cara yang efektif guna mengatasi dormansi biji keras pada benih sawo (*Manilkara zapota* (L.) . Penelitian dilaksanakan di UPT Kebun dan Ternak Universitas Mercu Buana Yogyakarta di Dusun kaliurang ,Desa Argomulyo, Kec. Sedayu,Kab. Bantul pada bulan oktober 2020 sampai januari 2021. Untuk menghilangkan dormansi bijinya, perlakuan yang digunakan adalah direndam dalam air selama 24 jam,direndam dalam air selama 36 jam, direndam dalam air selama 48 jam,direndam dalam air selama 60 jam, direndam dalam air selama 72 jam,direndam dalam air selama 84 jam,direndam dalam air selama 96 jam, dan tanpa diperlakukan (kontrol). Penelitian ini menggunakan Rancangan Acak Lengkap dengan empat ulangan. Data yang diperoleh dianalisis menggunakan analisis varian (ANOVA) dan jika adabeda nyata dilanjutkan dengan uji lanjut Duncan's (DMRT) taraf 5% apabila hasil yang diperoleh berbeda nyata antar perlakuan. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa perendaman benih sawo dalam air selama 24 jam dapat mengatasi sifat kulit keras benih dengan meningkatkan daya berkecambahan benih hingga 87,5 %.

Kata kunci: sawo manila, perkecambahan, perendaman air

**THE EFFECT OF SOAKING DURATION WITH WATER ON  
GERMINATION AND SEEDLING VIGOR OF SAPODILLA (Manilkara  
Zapota L)**

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***ABSTRACT***

This research aims to find an effective way to overcome the dormancy of hard seeds in mustard seeds (Manilkara zapota (L.). The research was conducted at upm Kebun dan Ternak Universitas Mercu Buana Yogyakarta in Kaliurang Village, Argomulyo Village, Sedayu District, Bantul District in October 2020 until January 2021. To get rid of its seed dormancy, the treatment used is soaked in water for 24 hours, soaked in water for 36 hours, soaked in water for 48 hours, soaked in water for 60 hours, soaked in water for 72 hours, soaked in water for 84 hours, soaked in water for 96 hours, and without being treated (control). The study used a Complete Randomized Design with four repeats. The data obtained was analyzed using variant analysis (ANOVA) and if there is a real difference followed by a further test duncan's (DMRT) level of 5% if the results obtained differed noticeable between treatments. The results showed that soaking mustard seed in water for 24 hours can overcome the harsh skin properties of seeds by increasing seed germination power up to 87.5%.

Keywords: sapodilla, germination, water soaking