

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan : (1) untuk mengetahui pengaruh minat karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier siswa/siswi kelas XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus (2) untuk mengetahui pengaruh persepsi layanan informasi karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier siswa/siswi kelas XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus, dan 3) untuk mengetahui pengaruh minat karier dan persepsi layanan informasi karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier siswa/siswi kelas XI IPA SMAN 2 Bae Kudus. Sampel penelitian kali ini sebanyak 190 siswa kelas XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus. Metode pengumpulan data menggunakan skala minat karier, skala persepsi layanan informasi karier, dan skala pengambilan keputusan karier. Analisis data menggunakan teknik regresi linier sederhana untuk analisis hipotesis pertama dan hipotesis kedua, dan regresi linier berganda untuk analisis hipotesis ketiga. Hasil analisis menunjukkan bahwa (1) ada pengaruh antara minat karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier dengan nilai $F = 53,627$ ($p < 0,01$); 2) ada pengaruh antara persepsi layanan informasi karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier dengan nilai $F = 66,963$ ($p < 0,01$) ; 3) terdapat pengaruh minat karier dan persepsi layanan informasi karier terhadap pengambilan keputusan karier siswa/siswi kelas XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus didapatkan nilai F sebesar $43,015$ ($p < 0,01$).

Kata kunci: minat karier, pengambilan keputusan karier, persepsi layanan informasi karier

ABSTRACT

This study aims: (1) to determine the effect of career interest on career decision making of class XI students of SMAN 2 Bae Kudus (2) to determine the effect of perceptions of career information services on career decision making of class XI students of SMAN 2 Bae Kudus, and 3) to determine the effect of career interest and perceptions of career information services on career decision making of students in class XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus. The research sample this time was 190 students of class XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus. The data collection method uses a career interest scale, a career information service perception scale, and a career decision-making scale. Data analysis used simple linear regression for the analysis of the first and second hypotheses, and multiple linear regression for the analysis of the third hypothesis. The results of the analysis show that (1) there is an influence between career interest on career decision making with a value of $F = 53.627$ ($p < 0.01$); 2) there is an influence between the perception of career information services on career decision making with a value of $F = 66.963$ ($p < 0.01$); 3) there is an influence of career interest and perceptions of career information services on career decision making of students in class XI SMAN 2 Bae Kudus, F value is 43.015 ($p < 0.01$).

Keywords: career interest, career decision making, perception of career information services