

## **ABSTRAK**

Fenomena perilaku agresif di kalangan siswa menjadi kondisi yang sangat memprihatinkan. Perilaku agresif pada siswa ini dapat memberikan kemungkinan remaja terlibat dalam kekerasan ataupun tindakan kriminalitas. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara *insecure attachment fearful* dengan perilaku agresif pada siswa sekolah menengah pertama. Subjek pada penelitian ini merupakan siswa sekolah menengah pertama dengan kisaran usia 13-16 tahun yang berjumlah 81 orang. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah metode kuantitatif dengan teknik pengambilan subjek menggunakan metode purposive sampling. Pengumpulan data pada penelitian ini menggunakan skala perilaku agresif dan skala *insecure attachment fearful*. Teknik analisis data yang digunakan adalah *corelation product moment*. Hasil analisis data diperoleh nilai koefisien korelasi ( $r$ ) antara *insecure attachment fearful* dengan perilaku agresif sebesar 0,629 dan  $p = 0,000$ . Artinya terdapat hubungan positif yang signifikan antara *insecure attachment fearful* dengan perilaku agresif siswa sekolah menengah pertama. Nilai koefisien determinasi ( $r^2$ ) 0,396 menunjukkan, *insecure attachment fearful* berkontribusi 39,6% terhadap perilaku agresif.

*Key words : fearful, insecure attachment, perilaku agresif*

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*The phenomenon of aggressive behavior among students is a very worrying condition. Aggressive behavior in students can provide the possibility for teenagers to be involved in violence or criminal acts. This research aims to determine the relationship between insecure attachment fearful and aggressive behavior in junior high school students. The subjects in this study were junior high school students aged 13-16 years, totaling 81 people. The research method used is a quantitative method with a subject sampling technique using a purposive sampling method. Data collection in this study used an aggressive behavior scale and an insecure attachment fearful scale. The data analysis technique used is product moment correlation. The results of data analysis showed that the correlation coefficient ( $r$ ) between insecure attachment fearful and aggressive behavior was 0.629 and  $p = 0.000$ . This means that there is a significant positive relationship between insecure attachment fearful and aggressive behavior in junior high school students. The coefficient of determination ( $r^2$ ) value of 0.396 shows that insecure attachment fearful contributes 39.6% to aggressive behavior.*

*Key words : aggressive behavior, fearful, insecure attachment*