

**PRODUKTIVITAS TERNAK DOMBA YANG DIPELIHARA  
DI RUMAH TANGGA MISKIN DI KECAMATAN WINDUSARI**

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**INTISARI**

Domba memiliki prospek lebih baik dimasa yang akan datang, salah satunya karena dapat diterima oleh berbagai lapisan masyarakat, agama, dan kepercayaan manapun di Indonesia. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui produktivitas ternak domba yang ada ditingkat rumah tangga miskin di Kecamatan Windusari. Penelitian ini dilaksanakan pada bulan September – November 2017. Materi yang digunakan adalah 50 peternak domba rumah tangga miskin di 2 desa (Wonoroto dan Ngemplak). Penelitian dilakukan dengan metode *purpose random sampling* dan wawancara terhadap semua peternak. Data ditabulasi dan di rata - rata kemudian dianalisis secara deskriptif. Hasil penelitian diketahui bahwa bobot badan domba muda  $16,55 \pm 2,98$  kg, cembe  $4,61 \pm 2,27$  kg, dewasa  $28,43 \pm 5,41$  kg, *average daily gain* domba di fase pertumbuhan  $49,87 \pm 12,1$  g/hari, umur pertama beranak  $16,40 \pm 2,657$  bulan, jarak beranak  $8,48 \pm 1,919$  bulan, *litter size*  $1,37 \pm 0,525$ . Disimpulkan bahwa produktifitas ternak domba ditingkat rumah tangga miskin cukup baik.

Kata Kunci : Domba, produksi, reproduksi, rumah tangga miskin

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**SHEEP PRODUCTIVITY**  
**AT POOR HOUSEHOLD IN WINDUSARI DISTRICT**

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**ABSTRACT**

Sheep have better prospects in the future, one of them because it can be accepted by various of society, religion, and any belief in Indonesia. The research aims to know sheep productivity at poor household in Windusari District. This research conducted in September - November 2017. The material used is 50 breeders sheep poor household in 2 villages (Wonoroto and Ngemplak). The research was conducted by purposive sampling method and interviews of all breeders. Data is tabulated and in averages then analyzed by descriptively. The result show know that body weight young sheep  $16.55 \pm 2.98$  kg, lamb  $4.61 \pm 2.27$  kg, adult sheep  $28.43 \pm 5.41$  kg, average daily gain sheep in the growth phase  $49.87 \pm 12.1$  g/day, age of first lambing  $16.40 \pm 2.657$  months, lambing interval  $8.48 \pm 1.919$  months, litter size  $1.37 \pm 0.525$ . The conclusion shows that sheep productivity at level poor household is good enough.

Keywords : Sheep, production, reproduction, poor households

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